



## Endo DEV Agar

M1604

Endo DEV Agar is a selective agar recommended for the isolation and differentiation of *Escherichia coli* in the bacteriological analysis of water.

### Composition\*\*

Ingredients	Gms / Litre
Lactose	10.000
Meat peptone	10.000
Meat extract	10.000
Sodium chloride	5.000
Sodium sulphite	2.500
Basic fuchsin	0.500
Agar	20.000
Final pH ( at 25°C)	7.4±0.2

\*\*Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

### Directions

Suspend 58 grams in 1000 ml distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Mix well before pouring into sterile Petri plates. If the solidified culture medium is somewhat too red, then to remove the colour, add a few drops (max. 1 ml/litre) of a freshly prepared 10% Sodium sulphite solution and boil.

Caution : Basic fuchsin is a potential carcinogen and care should be taken to avoid inhalation of the powdered dye and contamination of the skin.

### Principle And Interpretation

Endo Agar was developed by Endo to differentiate gram-negative bacteria on the basis of lactose fermentation, while inhibiting gram-positive bacteria (1). Endo DEV Agar is the modification of Endo Agar (1) according to the German legislation, to obtain a better detection of damaged coliforms. The agar concentration in Endo DEV Agar has been increased to maintain the strength of the medium after the water sample is incorporated. Also the buffering system is removed from this formulation. It includes more rich nutrient base and sodium chloride to restore the osmotic balance.

The medium contains meat peptone and meat extract, which provide nitrogen, carbon, vitamins and minerals required for bacterial growth. Sodium sulphite and basic fuchsin make this medium selective by suppressing gram-positive organisms. Coliforms produce pink colonies on fermenting lactose while lactose non-fermenters produce colourless colonies on the medium.

With *Escherichia coli*, this reaction is very pronounced as the fuchsin crystallizes, exhibiting a permanent greenish metallic luster (fuchsin luster) to the colonies. Medium should be stored away from light to avoid photo-oxidation.

### Quality Control

#### Appearance

Light pink to purple homogeneous free flowing powder

#### Gelling

Firm, comparable with 2.0% Agar gel

#### Colour and Clarity of prepared medium

Orangish pink coloured, clear to slightly opalescent gel with fine precipitate forms in Petri plates.

#### Reaction

Reaction of 5.8% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH : 7.4±0.2

#### pH

7.20-7.60

## Cultural Response

M1604: Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours.

Organism	Inoculum (CFU)	Growth	Recovery	Colour of Colony
<i>Bacillus subtilis</i> ATCC 6633	$\geq 10^3$	inhibited	0%	
<i>Enterobacter aerogenes</i> ATCC 13048	50-100	good-luxuriant	$\geq 50\%$	pink
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> ATCC 29212	50-100	none-poor	$\leq 10\%$	pink, small
<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC 25922	50-100	good-luxuriant	$\geq 50\%$	pink to rose red with metallic sheen
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> ATCC 13883	50-100	good-luxuriant	$\geq 50\%$	pink, mucoid
<i>Proteus vulgaris</i> ATCC 13315	50-100	good-luxuriant	$\geq 50\%$	colourless to pale pink
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> ATCC 27853	50-100	good-luxuriant	$\geq 50\%$	colourless, irregular
<i>Salmonella Typhi</i> ATCC 6539	50-100	good-luxuriant	$\geq 50\%$	colourless to pale pink
<i>Shigella sonnei</i> ATCC 25931	50-100	good-luxuriant	$\geq 50\%$	colourless to pale pink
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ATCC 25923	$\geq 10^3$	inhibited	0%	
<i>Enterobacter cloacae</i> ATCC 13047	50-100	good	40-50%	pink
<i>Salmonella Typhimurium</i> ATCC 14028	50-100	good-luxuriant	$\geq 50\%$	colourless
<i>Salmonella Enteritidis</i> ATCC 13076	50-100	good-luxuriant	$\geq 50\%$	colourless
<i>Shigella flexneri</i> ATCC 12022	50-100	good-luxuriant	$\geq 50\%$	colourless

## Storage and Shelf Life

Store below 30°C in tightly closed container and prepared medium at 2 - 8°C. Use before expiry date on the label.

## Reference

- Endo, 1904, Zentralbl. Bakteriol., Abt. I. Orig., 35:109.

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### Disclaimer :

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