

# **Technical Data**

# **Reuter's Sorbic Acid Agar Base**

Reuters Sorbic Acid Agar Base is used for the isolation and differentiation of Lactobacilli from foodstuffs, faeces etc.

| Composition**                    |             |
|----------------------------------|-------------|
| Ingredients                      | Gms / Litre |
| Casein enzymic hydrolysate       | 10.000      |
| Meat extract                     | 10.000      |
| Yeast extract                    | 5.000       |
| D-Glucose                        | 20.000      |
| Sodium acetate                   | 5.000       |
| Sodium citrate                   | 3.000       |
| Tween 80                         | 1.000       |
| Magnesium sulphate, heptahydrate | 0.200       |
| Maganese sulphate, heptahydrate  | 0.050       |
| Agar                             | 16.000      |
| Final pH ( at 25°C)              | 5.0±0.1     |
|                                  |             |

\*\*Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

## Directions

Suspend 35.06 grams of dehydrated medium in 500 ml distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Cool to 50°C and aseptically add rehydrated contents of 1 vial of Sorbic Acid Supplement (FD236). Mix well and sterilize under mild conditions (30 minutes at 100°C). Mix well and pour into sterile Petri plates.

# **Principle And Interpretation**

*Lactobacillus* is a genus of gram-positive facultative anaerobic bacteria. They are a major part of the Lactic acid bacteria group, named as such, because most of its members convert lactose and other sugars to lactic acid. They are common and usually benign. In humans they are present in the vagina and the gastrointestinal tract, where they are symbiotic and make up a large portion of the gut flora. Some *Lactobacillus* species are used industrially for the production of yoghurt, sauerkraut, pickles, and other fermented foods, such as silage. Reuters Sorbic Acid Agar Base, described by Reuter (1, 2) complies with German recommendations for food examination (3).

The growth of Lactobacilli and Staphylococci is favoured by the broad spectrum of nutrients and by magnesium and manganese salts. Sorbic acid suppresses undesired, accompanying bacteria (4, 5). Enterococci, Pediococci and *Leuconostoc* grow to form microcolonies.

# **Quality Control**

#### Appearance

Cream to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder

Gelling

Firm, comparable with 1.6% Agar gel

#### Colour and Clarity of prepared medium

Dark amber coloured clear to slightly opalescent gel forms in Petri plates

#### Reaction

Reaction of 7.0% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH : 5.0±0.1

**pH** 4.90-5.10

## Cultural Response

M1626: Cultural characteristics observed with added Sorbic Acid Supplement (FD236) under anaerbic condition or in 10% CO2 atmosphere, after an incubation at 35-37°C for 18-48 hours.

# M1626

| Organism                               | Inoculum<br>(CFU) | Growth    | Recovery |
|--|-------------------|-----------|----------|
| Lactobacillus acidophilus<br>ATCC 4356 | 50-100            | good      | 40-50%   |
| Lactobacillus casei ATCC<br>9595       | 50-100            | good      | 40-50%   |
| Lactobacillus fermentum<br>ATCC 9338   | 50-100            | good      | 40-50%   |
| Lactobacillus plantarum<br>ATCC 8014   | 50-100            | good      | 40-50%   |
| Staphylococcus aureus<br>ATCC 25923    | >=103             | inhibited | 0%       |
| Pseudomonas aeruginosa<br>ATCC 27853   | >=103             | inhibited | 0%       |
| Leuconostoc mesenteroides<br>ATCC 9135 | 50-100            | fair      | 20-30%   |

#### **Storage and Shelf Life**

Store below 30°C in tightly closed container and the prepared medium at 2 - 8°C. Use before expiry date on the label.

#### Reference

1. Reuter G., 1968, Arch.f. Lebensmittelhyg., 19; 53-57 und 84-89

2. Reuter G., 1970, Fleischwirtsch., 954-962.

3. Bundesgesundheitsamt, Amtliche Sammlung von Untersuchungsverfahren nach § 35 LMBG. (06.00/31), June 1992, Beuth-Verlag: Berlin, Koln.

4. Emard L. O., Vaughn R. H., 1952, J. Bacteriol., 63:487-494.

5. Haenel H., Mueller-Beuthow W., 1957, Zbl. Bakt. I. Orig., 169;196-204.

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