



MacConkey Sorbitol Agar (Sorbitol Agar)

M298

Intended Use:

MacConkey Sorbitol Agar is used for isolation and identification of enteropathogenic *Escherichia coli* strains associated with infant diarrhea.

Composition**

| Ingredients | Gms / Litre |
|---------------------|-------------|
| Peptone | 17.000 |
| Proteose peptone | 3.000 |
| D-Sorbitol | 10.000 |
| Bile salts mixture | 1.500 |
| Sodium chloride | 5.000 |
| Neutral red | 0.030 |
| Crystal violet | 0.001 |
| Agar | 13.500 |
| Final pH (at 25°C) | 7.1±0.2 |

**Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

Directions

Suspend 50.03 grams in 1000 ml distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. AVOID OVERHEATING. Cool to 45-50°C and pour into sterile Petri plates

Principle And Interpretation

MacConkey Sorbitol Agar is based on the formulation described by Rappaport and Henigh (1). This medium is recommended for isolation of enteropathogenic *Escherichia coli* O157: H7, which ferments lactose but does not ferment sorbitol, hence produces colourless colonies. This organism has been recognized as a cause of hemorrhagic colitis (2). *E.coli* O157: H7 is a human pathogen associated with hemorrhagic colitis that results from the action of a shiga-like toxin (SLT) (5, 6).

On standard MacConkey Agar containing lactose, this strain is indistinguishable from other lactose-fermenting *E.coli*. In MacConkey Sorbitol Agar Base, lactose is replaced by sorbitol. Unlike most *E.coli* strains, *E.coli* O157:H7 ferments sorbitol slowly or not at all (3,8). The growth of *E.coli* O157:H7 on MacConkey Agar with Sorbitol shows colourless colonies and most of the fecal flora ferment sorbitol and appear pink. MacConkey Agar with Sorbitol therefore permits ready recognition of *E.coli* O157:H7 (5,6,7).

Peptone and proteose peptone supply necessary nutrients like nitrogenous and carbonaceous compounds, long chain amino acids, minerals, vitamins and trace ingredients for the growth of organisms. Crystal violet and bile salt mixture present in the medium inhibit growth of gram-positive bacteria. Sodium chloride maintains osmotic equilibrium. Neutral red is an indicator. D-Sorbitol is the fermentable carbohydrate.

Type of specimen

Clinical samples- stool, Food and Dairy samples

Specimen Collection and Handling

For clinical samples follow appropriate techniques for handling specimens as per established guidelines (11,12).

For food and dairy samples, follow appropriate techniques for sample collection and processing as per guidelines (9,10,13).

After use, contaminated materials must be sterilized by autoclaving before discarding.

Warning and Precautions

In Vitro diagnostic use only. Read the label before opening the container. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/ eye protection/face protection. Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture. Standard precautions as per established guidelines should be followed while handling clinical specimens. Safety guidelines may be referred in individual safety data sheets.

Limitations

1. MacConkey Sorbitol Agar however should not be solely used to detect pathogenic *E. coli* O157: H7 strains as some non-toxic strains will also not ferment sorbitol (4).
2. Further biochemical tests must be carried out for further confirmation.

Performance and Evaluation

Performance of the medium is expected when used as per the direction on the label within the expiry period when stored at recommended temperature.

Quality Control

Appearance

Light yellow to pink homogeneous free flowing powder

Gelling

Firm, comparable with 1.35% Agar gel.

Colour and Clarity of prepared medium

Purplish red coloured clear to slightly opalescent gel forms in Petri plates

Reaction

Reaction of 5.0% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH : 7.1±0.2

pH

6.90-7.30

Cultural Response

Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours.

Cultural Response

| Organism | Inoculum (CFU) | Growth | Recovery | Colour of colony |
|--|----------------|-----------|----------|------------------|
| Cultural Response | | | | |
| <i>Salmonella Typhi</i> ATCC 6539 | 50-100 | luxuriant | ≥50% | pink |
| <i>Shigella flexneri</i> ATCC 12022 (00126*) | 50-100 | luxuriant | ≥50% | colourless |
| <i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC 25922 (00013*) | 50-100 | luxuriant | ≥50% | pink |
| <i>Escherichia coli</i> serotype O11 and O55 | 50-100 | luxuriant | ≥50% | colourless |
| <i>Escherichia coli</i> O157:H7 NCTC 29900 | 50-100 | luxuriant | ≥50% | colourless |

Key : *Corresponding WDCM numbers.

Storage and Shelf Life

Store between 10-30°C in a tightly closed container and the prepared medium at 20-30°C. Use before expiry date on the label. On opening, product should be properly stored dry, after tightly capping the bottle in order to prevent lump formation due to the hygroscopic nature of the product. Improper storage of the product may lead to lump formation. Store in dry ventilated area protected from extremes of temperature and sources of ignition. Seal the container tightly after use. Use before expiry date on the label.

Product performance is best if used within stated expiry period.

Disposal

User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Follow established laboratory procedures in disposing of infectious materials and material that comes into contact with clinical sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques (11,12).

Reference

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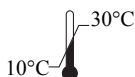
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In vitro diagnostic medical device



CE Marking



Storage temperature



Do not use if package is damaged

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