

Technical Data

MYP Agar Base(Phenol Red Egg Yolk Polymyxin Agar Base)

M636

MYP Agar Base is used for isolation and identification of pathogenic Staphylococci and Bacillus species.

Composition**

Ingredients	Gms / Litre
Peptic digest of animal tissue	10.000
Meat extract	1.000
D-Mannitol	10.000
Sodium chloride	10.000
Phenol red	0.025
Agar	15.000
Final pH (at 25°C)	7.1±0.2

^{**}Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

Directions

Suspend 46.03 grams in 900 ml distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Cool to 55°C. Aseptically add rehydrated contents of 2 vials of sterile Polymyxin B Sulphate (FD003) solution to a final concentration of 100 units per ml and 100 ml sterile Egg Yolk Emulsion (FD045). Mix well and pour into sterile Petri plates.

Principle And Interpretation

Bacillus cereus is ubiquitously present in soil, vegetation water and dust. It has been isolated from a large variety of foods, including vegetables, meat, cereals, pasteurized fresh milk and powdered milk (1, 2, 6) and processed foods. Under favourable conditions, the organism multiplies and causes gastrointestinal illness (6). It is implicated in two different forms of food poisoning; an emetic illness and a diarrhoeal illness. The emetic illness is mediated by a highly stable toxin that survives high temperature, exposure to trypsin, pepsin and pH extremes. The diarrhoeal illness is mediated by a heat and acid labile enterotoxin.

Lecithinase activity is the key reaction in the differential identification of *B.cereus*, the most commonly encountered and important species in clinical laboratories, from the majority of the other *Bacillus* species. If unknown isolate produces lecithinase, *Bacillus cereus* can be presumptively identified by also observing colonial morphology, hemolytic reactivity and motility tests. Mossel et al (3) formulated Mannitol-Egg Yolk-Polymyxin (MYP) Agar, which is recommended by APHA to isolate and enumerate *B.cereus* from foods (4, 6-8). When present in large numbers in certain foodstuffs, *B.cereus* can produce metabolites responsible for the clinical symptoms of food poisoning (3). This medium differentiates *B.cereus* from other bacteria based on the basis of lecithinase activity, mannitol fermentation and resistance to polymyxin (FD003) (4, 5).

MYP Agar contains peptic digest of animal tissue and meat extract, which provide nitrogen source. Mannitol fermentation can be detected by phenol red, which yields yellow colour to the mannitol fermenting colonies due to acid production. Added egg yolk emulsion helps in differentiation of lecithinase producing colonies, which are surrounded by a zone of white precipitate. Addition of Polymyxin B Sulphate (FD003) helps to restrict growth of gram-negative bacteria such as *Escherichia coli* and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*. These differentiating media allow differentiation of *B.cereus* from other *Bacillus* species by its inability to ferment mannitol and poor sporulation. *B.cereus* dissimilates egg yolk and gives rise to typical bacilli form colonies

Quality Control

Appearance

Light yellow to light pink homogeneous free flowing powder

Gelling

Firm, comparable with 1.5% Agar gel

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Colour and Clarity of prepared medium

Basal medium :Red coloured clear to slightly opalescent gel. After Addition of Egg Yolk Emulsion (FD045) : Light orange coloured opaque gel forms in Petri plates

Reaction

Reaction of 4.6% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH: 7.1±0.2

pН

6.90-7.30

Cultural Response

M636: Cultural characteristics observed with added Egg Yolk Emulsion (FD045)and Polymyxin B Sulphate(FD003) after an incubation at 32°C for 18-40 hours.

Organism	Inoculum (CFU)	Growth	Recovery	Colour of colony	Lecithinase activity	
Bacillus cereus ATCC 1087	6 50-100	luxuriant	>=50%	red	positive, opaque zone around the colony	
Bacillus subtilis ATCC 6633	3 50-100	luxuriant	>=50%	yellow	negative	
Escherichia coli ATCC 25922	50-100	none-poor	<=10%			
Proteus mirabilis ATCC 25933	50-100	luxuriant	>=50%	red	negative	
Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC 27853	50-100	none-poor	<=10%			
Staphylococcus aureus ATCC 25923	50-100	luxuriant	>=50%	yellow	positive, opaque zone around the colony	

Storage and Shelf Life

Store below 30°C in tightly closed container and the prepared medium at 2 - 8°C. Use before expiry date on the label.

Reference

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- 5.Nygren B., 1962, Acta Path. Microbiol. Scand., 56: Suppl. 1.
- 6.Donovan K. O., 1958, J. Appl. Bacteriol., 21:100.
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