



## NNN Modified Medium (Twin Pack)

M681

NNN Modified Medium (Twin Pack) is used for cultivation of Leishmaniae and Trypanosomes.

### Composition\*\*

| Ingredients                        | Gms / Litre |
|------------------------------------|-------------|
| Part A                             | -           |
| Meat extract                       | 3.000       |
| Peptone                            | 5.000       |
| Sodium chloride                    | 8.000       |
| Agar                               | 15.000      |
| Final pH ( at 25°C)                | 7.3 ± 0.2   |
| Part B                             | -           |
| Sodium chloride                    | 8.000       |
| Potassium chloride                 | 0.200       |
| Calcium chloride                   | 0.200       |
| Monopotassium dihydrogen phosphate | 0.300       |
| Dextrose                           | 2.500       |
| Final pH ( at 25°C)                | 7.0 ± 0.2   |

\*\*Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

### Directions

Part A: Suspend 31 grams in 1000 ml distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Cool to 45-50°C and aseptically add 10% of sterile defibrinated rabbit or human blood after inactivation at 56°C for 30mins. Mix well and dispense in 5 ml amounts in test tubes or 25 ml amounts in flasks. Allow tubed media to cool in slanted position.

Part B : Suspend 11.2 grams of Part B in 1000 ml distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Cool and add approximately 2 ml in tubes or 10-15 ml in flasks over solidified Part A medium.

### Principle And Interpretation

The protozoan family *Trypanosomatidae* includes members from the genera *Leishmania* and *Trypanosoma* , which are flagellates that inhabit the blood and tissues of humans.

NNN Medium was developed by Novy, McNeal (1) and modified by Nicolle (2). NNN Modified Medium is a modification of the original medium and consists of two phases, blood agar (Part A) and Lockes solution (Part B) (3). This modified medium is commonly used for diagnostic work (4, 5).

This medium consists of a blood agar base and an overlay medium. The blood agar base is a highly nutritious medium that supports the growth of fastidious organisms like *Leishmania* and *Trypanosoma* . The specimens are inoculated into the liquid phase of the diphasic medium and incubated. This favours the development of organisms in the insect vector. The amastigotes transform to promastigotes in about 24 hours (5).

### Quality Control

#### Appearance

Part A : Cream to tan homogeneous free flowing powder Part B: White to cream homogeneous free flowing powder

#### Gelling

Firm, comparable with 1.5% Agar gel

#### Colour and Clarity of Prepared medium

Basal medium :Light amber clear to slightly opalescent gel. After addition of sterile defibrinated rabbit or human blood : Red coloured opaque gel Part B : Colourless clear liquid

#### Reaction

Reaction of 3.1% w/v aqueous solution (Part A) at 25°C. pH : 7.3±0.2 Reaction of 1.12% w/v aqueous solution (Part B) at 25°C. pH : 7.0±0.2

### Cultural Response

M681: Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 21-26°C for 48-72 hours, with added sterile defibrinated rabbit or human blood.

| Organism                   | Growth    |
|----------------------------|-----------|
| <b>Cultural Response</b>   |           |
| <i>Leishmania donovani</i> | luxuriant |
| <i>Trepanosoma cruzi</i>   | luxuriant |

### Storage and Shelf Life

Store below 30°C in tightly closed container and the prepared medium at 2 - 8°C. Use before expiry date on the label.

### Reference

1. Novy F. G. and McNeal W. J., 1904, J. Inf. Diseases B, 1:1.
2. Nicolle A (1908) Comptes rendus de l'Academie des Sciences (Paris) 146:842.
3. Cruickshank R., Duguid J. P., Marmion B. P., Swain R. H. A. (Eds) 1975, Medical Microbiology, 12th Edition, Vol. II, Churchill Livingstone
4. Taylor A. R., Baker J. R., (Eds.), 1978, Methods of Cultivating Parasites in vitro, Academic Press, London, pp 55-88
5. Collee J. G., Fraser A. G., Marmion B. P., Simmons A., (Eds.), Mackie and McCartney, Practical Medical Microbiology, 1996, 14th Edition, Churchill Livingstone

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