

Technical Data

Norris Glucose Nitrogen Free Medium

Norris Glucose Nitrogen Free Medium is used for the cultivation of chemoheterotrophic bacteria that can fix atmospheric nitrogen.

Composition**

Ingredients	Gms / Litre
Glucose	10.000
Dipotassium phosphate	1.000
Magnesium sulphate	0.200
Calcium carbonate	1.000
Sodium chloride	0.200
Sodium molybdate	0.005
Ferrous sulphate	0.100
Final pH (at 25°C)	7.0±0.2
**Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters	

Directions

Suspend 12.5 grams in 1000 ml distilled water. Heat just to boiling. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Mix well and dispense as desired.

Note: Due to the presence of calcium carbonate, the prepared medium forms opalescent solution with white precipitate.

Principle And Interpretation

The survival of microorganisms in the laboratory as well as in nature depends on their ability to grow under certain chemical and physical conditions. An understanding of these conditions enables us to characterize isolates and differentiate between different types of bacteria. Such knowledge can also be applied to control the growth of microorganisms in practical situations. Organisms that are generally organotrophic, may also be termed chemoorganotrophs. These organisms may use a variety of organic compounds as both carbon and energy sources. A common sugar so used is glucose. ATP is generated by either substrate-level or oxidative phosphorylation.

The medium contains glucose, which serves as the carbon source. Sodium molybdate in the medium increases the fixation of nitrogen (1). Various salts in the medium serve as buffer as well as essential ions to the chemoheterotrophic bacteria.

Quality Control

Appearance Off-white to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder

Colour and Clarity of Prepared medium

Light yellow coloured clear to slightly opalescent solution with slight precipitate.

Reaction

Reaction of 1.25% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH : 7.0±0.2

pН

6.80-7.20

Cultural Response

M712: Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 25-30°C for 48-72 hours.

OrganismGrowthAlternaria solanii ATCCluxuriant2101

Storage and Shelf Life

Store below 30°C in tightly closed container and the prepared medium at 2 - 8°C. Use before expiry date on the label.

M712

Reference

1. Ranganayaki S., Mohan C., Effect of Sodium molybdate on microbial fixation of nitrogen, Z. Ally. Microbiol 1981; 21 (8): 607-10.

Revision : 2 / 2015

Disclaimer :

User must ensure suitability of the product(s) in their application prior to use. Products conform solely to the information contained in this and other related HiMediaTM publications. The information contained in this publication is based on our research and development work and is to the best of our knowledge true and accurate. HiMediaTM Laboratories Pvt Ltd reserves the right to make changes to specifications and information related to the products at any time. Products are not intended for human or animal or therapeutic use but for laboratory, diagnostic, research or further manufacturing use only, unless otherwise specified. Statements contained herein should not be considered as a warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, and no liability is accepted for infringement of any patents.

HiMedia Laboratories Pvt. Ltd. A-516, Swastik Disha Business Park, Via Vadhani Ind. Est., LBS Marg, Mumbai-400086, India. Customer care No.: 022-6147 1919 Email: techhelp@himedialabs.com