



## Listeria Selective Broth Base

M889

Listeria Selective Broth Base with addition of selective supplement is recommended for selective isolation and cultivation of *Listeria monocytogenes* from clinical specimens.

### Composition\*\*

Ingredients	Gms / Litre
Casein enzymic hydrolysate	17.000
Soya peptone	3.000
Yeast extract	6.000
Sodium chloride	5.000
Dipotassium hydrogen phosphate	2.500
Dextrose	2.500
Final pH ( at 25°C)	7.3±0.2

\*\*Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

### Directions

Suspend 36 grams in 1000 ml distilled water. Heat if necessary to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Cool to 45-50°C and aseptically add rehydrated contents of 1 vial of Listeria Selective Supplement II (FD063) or 2 vials of Listeria Selective Supplement II (FD063I) as desired. Mix well and dispense into sterile tubes or flasks or as desired.

### Principle And Interpretation

*Listeria monocytogenes* is a short, gram-positive, non spore-forming rod shaped bacterium that appears coccoidal in older cultures. *Listeria* multiplies over a wide range of temperatures from 3°C to 45°C with optimum temperature range of 30°C to 37°C. *L. monocytogenes* has been isolated from numerous environmental sources such as silage, soil, decaying vegetation, sewage, damp earth, straw and faeces (1, 2). Detection of *L. monocytogenes* in foods is not difficult. Low numbers of organisms are commonly isolated from raw milk, meat, vegetables, seafood and the food-processing environment. Enrichment procedures are used to isolate low numbers of *L. monocytogenes*. Injured *L. monocytogenes* are sublethally stressed as a result of exposure to heat, freezing or acidic conditions. Sublethally stressed *L. monocytogenes* require resuscitation in a non-selective medium at a temperature favouring repair of the sublethal injury.

Listeria Selective Broth is formulated as per Lovett et al (3) for the selective enrichment of *Listeria* species from milk and milk products and other foods. Listeria Selective Broth is recommended by ISO Committee (4) with a slight modification in the supplement (FD063I).

Casein enzymic hydrolysate, soya peptone and yeast extract provide carbon and nitrogen compounds essential for bacterial metabolism. Dextrose is the energy source. The medium is rendered selective by addition of selective supplement. Cycloheximide inhibits the growth of saprophytic fungi. Nalidixic acid inhibits growth of gram-negative organisms and acriflavin suppresses gram-positive microorganisms (5, 6). Acriflavin is an acridinic derivative with bacteriostatic properties towards many gram-positive bacteria and a weak fungicidal activity.

For enrichment, 25 grams or 25 ml sample is added to 225 ml medium in a stomacher bag. Homogenize the material if required. Incubation is carried out at 30°C for upto 7 days. Ajello et al (7) showed that incubation period of 7 days allows better recovery of environmentally stressed *Listeria* from milk and milk products. The enrichment broth is further subcultured on Listeria Selective Agar (M567) after 1, 2 and 7 days.

*Listeria monocytogenes* is a highly pathogenic organism and therefore proper precautions should be taken while handling them.

### Quality Control

#### Appearance

Please refer disclaimer Overleaf.

Cream to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder

#### Colour and Clarity of prepared medium

Fluorescent yellow coloured, clear solution in tubes

#### Reaction

Reaction of 3.6% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH : 7.3±0.2

#### pH

7.10-7.50

#### Cultural Response

M889: Cultural characteristics observed with added Listeria Selective Supplement II (FD063 / FD063I) after an incubation at 30-35°C for 24-48 hours.

Organism	Inoculum (CFU)	Growth
<i>Candida albicans</i> ATCC 10231	≥10 <sup>3</sup>	inhibited
<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC 25922	≥10 <sup>3</sup>	inhibited
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i> ATCC 19111	50-100	luxuriant
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i> ATCC 19112	50-100	luxuriant
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i> ATCC 19118	50-100	luxuriant
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ATCC 25923	50-100	none-poor

#### Storage and Shelf Life

Store below 30°C in tightly closed container and prepared medium at 2-8°C. Use before expiry period on the label.

#### Reference

- 1.Gray M. L., 1960, Science, 132:1767.
- 2.Weis J., and Seeliger H. P. R., 1975, Appl. Microbiol. 30:29.
- 3.Lovette J., Francis D. W. and Hunt J. M., 1987, J. Food Prot., 50:188.
- 4.International Organization for Standardization (ISO), 1993, 10560 Ind. Technical ,Corrigendum Cor. 1:1994.
- 5.Lee W. K. and McClain D., 1986, Appl. Environ, Microbiol., 52:1215.
- 6.McClain D. and Lee W. H., 1988, J. Assoc. off. Anal. Chem., 71:660.
- 7.Ajello G., Hayes P. and Fuley J., 1986, Abstracts of the Annual Meeting, ASM, Washington, D.C

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