



## C. botulinum Isolation Agar Base

M911

### Intended use

C. botulinum Isolation Agar is recommended for selective isolation of *Clostridium botulinum* from food samples.

### Composition\*\*

Ingredients	Gms / Litre
Tryptone	40.000
Yeast extract	5.000
Dextrose (Glucose)	2.000
Disodium phosphate	5.000
Sodium chloride	2.000
Magnesium sulphate	0.010
Agar	20.000
Final pH ( at 25°C)	7.4±0.2

\*\*Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

### Directions

Suspend 37.0 grams in 450 ml distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Cool to 45-50°C and aseptically add sterile 50 ml Egg Yolk Emulsion (FD045) and reconstituted contents of 1 vial of CBI Supplement (FD049). Mix well and pour into sterile Petri plates.

### Principle And Interpretation

*Clostridium botulinum* is an anaerobic, spore forming bacteria that produces a neurotoxin protein botulin. Severe food poisoning results from the consumption of this protein (toxin), which may be produced in foods contaminated with *Clostridium botulinum*.

C. botulinum Isolation Agar Base is formulated as per the recommendation of APHA (1) for the selective isolation of C. botulinum from food samples.

The antibiotic supplement (FD049) containing the broad spectrum antibiotics namely cycloserine, sulphamethoxazole and trimethoprim makes the medium very selective. Egg yolk emulsion helps in detecting lecithinase, lipase and proteolytic activity. Lecithinase degrades lecithin present in the egg yolk producing an insoluble, opaque precipitate in the medium surrounding the growth (2). Lipase break down free fats present in the egg yolk causing an iridescent (oil on water) sheen to form on the surface of the colonies. Tryptone and yeast extract supply amino acids and other nitrogenous substances and vitamin B complex. Dextrose is the fermentable carbohydrate. Disodium phosphate helps in buffering the medium while magnesium sulphate helps for the sporulation of the organisms. Sodium chloride maintains the osmotic equilibrium of the medium. Botulinal toxin is heat-labile. Therefore the test samples and cultures should be maintained at refrigeration temperatures. The pH of the toxic material should also be maintained at a slightly acidic pH since botulinal toxin is less stable at alkaline pH. Inoculate 1-2 grams of solid or 1-2 ml of liquid food per 15 ml of enrichment broth. The enrichment broth employed is Cooked Meat Medium (M149). After an incubation at 35°C for 7 days, observe for turbidity, gas production and meat digestion. Carry out gram staining and spore staining. To isolate *C. botulinum* mix enrichment broth with equal amount of sterile ethanol (alcohol treatment). The alcohol treated culture is further streaked on C.botulinum Isolation Agar Base (M911)(1). Alternatively untreated enrichment cultures or stool can be streaked directly on C.botulinum Isolation Agar Base (1).

### Type of specimen

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## Warning and Precautions :

In Vitro diagnostic Use only. Read the label before opening the container. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/ face protection. Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture. Standard precautions as per established guidelines should be followed while handling clinical specimens. Safety guidelines may be referred in individual safety data sheets

## Limitations :

## Performance and Evaluation

Performance of the medium is expected when used as per the direction on the label within the expiry period when stored at recommended temperature.

## Quality Control

### Appearance

Cream to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder

### Gelling

Firm, comparable with 2.0% Agar gel.

### Colour and Clarity of prepared medium

Basal medium : Yellow coloured clear to slightly opalescent gel. After addition of egg yolk emulsion : Light yellow coloured, opaque gel forms in Petri plates

### Reaction

Reaction of medium (7.4 gm in 90 ml distilled water) at 25°C. pH : 7.4±0.2

### pH

7.20-7.60

### Cultural Response

M911: Cultural characteristics observed under anaerobic condition, with added Egg Yolk Emulsion (FD045) and CBI Supplement (FD049), after an incubation at 35-37°C for 48 hours.

Organism	Inoculum (CFU)	Growth	Recovery	Lecithinase
<i>Clostridium botulinum</i> ATCC 25763	50-100	good-luxuriant	≥50%	positive reaction, opaque zone around the colony

## 6WRUDJH DQG 6KHOI /LIH

Store vevyggp 32/52ÅE in a tightly closed container and the prepared medium at 4/:ÅE. Use before expiry date on the label. Qn opening, product should be properly stored dry, after tightly capping the bottle in order to prevent lump formation due to the hygroscopic nature of the product. Improper storage of the product may lead to lump formation. Store in dry ventilated area protected from extremes of temperature and sources of ignition Seal the container tightly after use. Use before expiry date on the label.

Product performance is best if used within stated expiry period.

## Disposal

User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Follow established laboratory procedures in disposing of infectious materials and material that comes into contact with clinical sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques (4,5).

## Reference

1. Vanderzant C. and Splittstoesser D. F., (Eds.), 1992, Compendium of Methods for the Microbiological Examination of foods, 3rd Ed., APHA, Washington, D.C.
2. Finegold S. M. and Baron E. J., 1986, Bailey and Scotts Diagnostic Microbiology, 7th Ed., The C.V. Mosby Company, St. Louis.

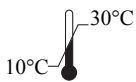
Revision :02/ 2016



In vitro diagnostic medical device



CE Marking



Storage temperature



Do not use if package is damaged



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 45" Xcf j cpk" kpf wvvtken" Guvcvg."  
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