



Phenylalanine Agar

M281

Phenylalanine Agar is used for the differentiation of *Proteus* and *Providencia* group of organisms from other members of *Enterobacteriaceae* on the basis of their ability to form phenyl pyruvic acid from phenylalanine.

Composition**

Ingredients	Gms / Litre
Yeast extract	3.000
Sodium chloride	5.000
DL-Phenylalanine	2.000
Disodium phosphate	1.000
Agar	15.000
Final pH (at 25°C)	7.3±0.2

**Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

Directions

Suspend 26 grams in 1000 ml distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Dispense in tubes and sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Allow the tubed medium to cool in a slanting position.

Principle And Interpretation

The ability of *Proteus* species to convert phenylalanine to phenylpyruvic acid is an important reaction in the differentiation of *Enterobacteriaceae* (1, 2). Based on this criterion, Buttiaux developed Phenylalanine Agar for differentiation of *Proteus* and *Providencia* group from other members of *Enterobacteriaceae* (3, 4) by the ability of organism in the genera within *Proteus* to deaminate phenylalanine. Phenylalanine Agar is the modification of the medium originally developed by Ewing et al (5).

Yeast extract in the medium supports the growth of the organisms. Sodium chloride maintains osmotic equilibrium. The phenylalanine serves as the substrate for enzymes, which are able to deaminate it to form phenylpyruvic acid. A recommended technique is to inoculate the slant surface with plenty of inoculum and incubate it for 12-16 hours. After incubation, add 0.2 ml of 10% ferric chloride solution so that the solution floods all over the growth. The addition of (0.2 ml 3-5 drops) of a 10% aqueous ferric chloride solution (or a 12% aqueous ferric chloride solution acidified with 2.5 ml of concentrated HCl per 100 ml of reagent) to the cultures following incubation results in the appearance of a light to deep green color (positive reaction) or no color change (negative reaction). In a positive reaction, any phenylpyruvic acid present will react with the ferric salt in the reagent to give a green color. Interpret the results within 5 minutes upon addition of reagent as the green colour fades quickly (1, 4).

Quality Control

Appearance

Cream to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder

Gelling

Firm, comparable with 1.5% Agar gel

Colour and Clarity of prepared medium

Light amber coloured slightly opalescent gel forms in tubes as slants

Reaction

Reaction of 2.6% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH : 7.3±0.2

pH

7.10-7.50

Cultural Response

M281: Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 35-37°C for 12-16 hours

Organism	Inoculum (CFU)	Growth	Phenylalanine deaminase
Cultural Response			
<i>Enterobacter aerogenes</i> ATCC 13048	50-100	luxuriant	negative reaction
<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC 25922	50-100	luxuriant	negative reaction
<i>Proteus mirabilis</i> ATCC 25933	50-100	luxuriant	positive reaction, green colouration after addition of 10% ferric chloride
<i>Proteus vulgaris</i> ATCC 13315	50-100	luxuriant	positive reaction, green colouration after addition of 10% ferric chloride
<i>Providencia alcalifaciens</i> ATCC 9886	50-100	luxuriant	positive reaction, green colouration after addition of 10% ferric chloride

Storage and Shelf Life

Store below 30°C in tightly closed container and the prepared medium at 2-8°C. Use before expiry date on the label.

Reference

1. Singer J. and Volcani B. E., 1955, J. Bacteriol., 69:303.
2. Henrikson S. D., 1950, J. Bacteriol., 60:225.
3. Buttiaux R., Osteux R., Fresnoy R. and Moriamez J., 1954, Ann. Inst. Pasteur Lille., 87:375.
4. MacFaddin J. F., 1985, Media for Isolation-Cultivation-Identification-Maintenance of Medical Bacteria, Vol. 1, Williams & Wilkins, Baltimore, Md.
5. Ewing W. H., Davis B. R. and Reavis R. W., 1957, Public Health Lab., 15:153.

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